

Derivative Practice II

2) $f(x) = 3x^2(2^{3x})$ product rule / a^u
 $f'(x) = 3x^2(2^{3x} \ln 2(3)) + (2^{3x})6x$
 $f'(x) = (3x)(2^{3x}) [3 \ln 2 + 2]$

4) $g(x) = \frac{e^{x^2}}{(2x-1)^3}$ quotient rule / e^u / chain
 $g'(x) = \frac{(2x-1)^3(e^{x^2})(2x) - e^{x^2}(3)(2x-1)^2(2)}{(2x-1)^{12} \cdot 64}$

$$g'(x) = \frac{2e^{x^2}(x(2x-1) - 3)}{(2x-1)^4} = \boxed{\frac{2e^{x^2}(2x^2 - x - 3)}{(2x-1)^4}}$$

6) $f(x) = \frac{(2-3x^2)^5}{5x}$ quotient / chain

$$f'(x) = \frac{5x(5)(2-3x^2)^4(-6x) - (2-3x^2)^5(5)}{(5x)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{5(2-3x^2)^4 [-30x^2 - (2-3x^2)]}{25x^2}$$
$$= \boxed{\frac{(2-3x^2)^4 (-27x^2 - 2)}{5x^2}}$$

8) $y = \left(\frac{\cos x}{1-\sin x}\right)^3$ chain / quotient / trig

$$y' = 3 \left(\frac{\cos x}{1-\sin x}\right)^2 \left(\frac{(1-\sin x)(-\sin x) - (\cos x)(-\cos x)}{(1-\sin x)^2}\right)$$

$$= 3 \left(\frac{\cos x}{1-\sin x}\right)^2 \left(\frac{-\sin x + \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{(1-\sin x)^2}\right)$$

$$= 3 \left(\frac{\cos x}{1-\sin x}\right)^2 \left(\frac{-\sin x + 1}{(1-\sin x)^2}\right) = \boxed{\frac{3 \cos^2 x}{(1-\sin x)^2}}$$

9) $y = e^{2x} (\sin(3x))$ product / e^{\dots}
 $y' = e^{2x} (\cos(3x)) \cdot 3 + \sin(3x) e^{2x} (2)$
 $y' = e^{2x} (3 \cos(3x) + 2 \sin(3x))$

12) $y = \frac{\tan x}{x^2 - 1}$ quotient rule / trig
 $y' = \frac{(x^2 - 1)(\sec^2 x) - \tan x (2x)}{(x^2 - 1)^2}$

14) $y = (x^2 + 1) \arctan(x)$ product / inv. trig
 $y' = (x^2 + 1) \left(\frac{1}{1+x^2} \right) + \arctan(x) (2x)$
 $y' = 1 + 2x \arctan(x)$

16) $y = \tan(6x)$ trig / chain
 $y' = \sec^2(6x) (6)$
 $y' = 6 \sec^2(6x)$

18) $y = \frac{\sin x}{x^2}$ quotient / trig
 $y' = \frac{x^2 \cos x - \sin x (2x)}{(x^2)^2}$
 $y' = \frac{x \cos x - 2 \sin x}{x^3}$

20) $y = 3 \cos(5x) + 3 \sin(x^9)$ chain / trig
 $y' = -3 \sin(5x) (5) + 3 \cos(x^9) (9x^8)$
 $y' = -3 (5 \sin(5x) - 9x^8 \cos(x^9))$

22) $y = x^2 \tan\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$ product/trig
 $y' = x^2 \sec^2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)(-x^{-2}) + \tan\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)(2x)$
 $y' = -\sec^2\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + 2x \tan\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$

24) $g(x) = e^{3x} \cos(2x)$ product/ e^u /trig
 $g'(x) = e^{3x}(-\sin(2x)2) + \cos(2x)(e^{3x})(3)$
 $g'(x) = e^{3x}(-2\sin(2x) + 3\cos(2x))$

26) $y = \tan(6x^2 - 1)$ trig/chain
 $y' = \sec^2(6x^2 - 1)(12x)$
 $y' = 12x \sec^2(6x^2 - 1)$

28) $y = \frac{\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x}{x^3} = \frac{1}{x^3} = x^{-3}$ trig identity/power
 $y' = -3x^{-4}$
 $y' = -\frac{3}{x^4}$

30) $y = \sin(\sin(4x)) + \frac{1}{e}$ trig/chain/ e
 $y' = \cos(\sin(4x))(\cos(4x))(4) - e^{-1/2}$
 $y' = 4 \cos[4 \sin(4x) \cos(4x)] - \frac{1}{e^2}$

32) $y = x^3 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$ product/trig
 $y' = x^3 \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)(-x^{-2}) + \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)(3x^2)$
 $y' = -x \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + 3x^2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$
 $y' = -x \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - 3x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)\right)$

34) $y = \frac{\tan x}{2x-1}$ quotient/trig

$$y' = \frac{(2x-1)(\sec^2 x) - \tan x(2)}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$y' = (2x-1) \sec^2 x - 2 \tan x / (2x-1)^2$$

36) $y = (\sin x)e^{3x} + \pi^2$ product/trig/ e^u

$$y' = (\sin x)e^{3x}(3) + e^{3x}(\cos x) + 0$$

$$y' = e^{3x}(3\sin x + \cos x)$$

38) $y = \frac{7}{5} \sin x - \frac{1}{6} \cos x$ trig

$$y' = \frac{7}{5} \cos x + \frac{1}{6} \sin x$$

40) $y = \frac{\cos(9x)}{\sin(9x)}$ quotient/trig/chain

$$y' = \sin(9x)(-\sin(9x)(9)) - (\cos(9x)(\cos(9x)(9))) / [\sin(9x)]^2$$

$$y' = -9 \sin^2(9x) - 9 \cos^2(9x) / \sin^2(9x)$$

$$y' = -9(\sin^2(9x) + \cos^2(9x)) / \sin^2(9x)$$

$$y' = -9 / \sin^2(9x)$$

42) $y = 4x^5 \tan\left(-\frac{1}{x}\right)$ product/trig/chain

$$y' = 4x^5 \sec^2\left(-\frac{1}{x}\right)(x^{-2}) + \tan\left(-\frac{1}{x}\right)(20x^4)$$

$$y' = 4x^3 \left(\sec^2\left(-\frac{1}{x}\right) + 5x \tan\left(-\frac{1}{x}\right) \right)$$